



Peering Negotiations at MENOG

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disclaimer: all opinions are all mine

Peering Principles

- 99.5% of all Internet peering is done by "handshake" (source: PCH, 2011)
- Peering is unregulated (almost) worldwide
- Peering arrangements are made voluntarily based on mutual benefit
- If there is no peering in place, all of the Internet is reachable via transit

The Internet has successfully scaled for >20 years without regulation:

- 8 orders of magnitude increase in traffic
- 5 orders of magnitude decrease in unit price

**"That will be \$0.0000008 for IP transit, or
100,000x more for voice please"**

Source: [OECD](#)



Benefits of Peering

- For users:
 - Lower latency
 - Higher reliability
 - Better performance
- For network operators:
 - Lower costs
 - Higher reliability
 - More predictable routing
 - Better performance for customers
 - No third parties involved
 - Mutually beneficial relationship with partner



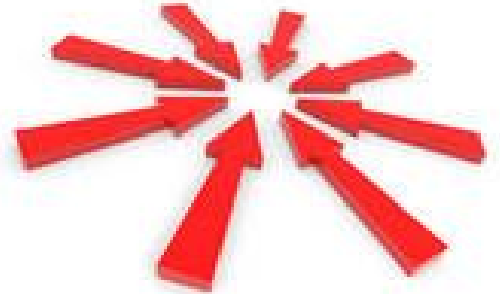
Who are peering managers?

- IP engineers
- Network planners
- CTOs
- Sales people
- Marketing
- ...

Prerequisites for Peering

Technical requirements for Peering:

- Public AS in use
- Public IP address block in use
- Register your AS on www.peeringdb.com
- Presence at a mutual location
 - IX or private peering location



How to Peer

1. Define your objectives
2. Book a meeting
3. Have a meeting at MENOG, discuss peering
4. Set up the peering
5. Profit!

1. Decide on your objectives

Who should I meet and why?

MENOG attendees include:

- Network Operators
 - your competitors
 - similar operators in other countries
- Internet Exchanges, both local and global
- Content Providers and CDNs
- Hosting Providers and datacentres
- Educational institutions
- Regulators and government officials

Who should I peer with?

- Check your traffic volumes
 - Netflow/Sflow analysis
 - Proxy and cache logs
 - Ask the other network...
- Look for key local content and access providers
- Review
 - lists of members at Internet Exchanges
 - lists of operators in facilities
- Check the other party's peering policy

Where to peer?

- [PeeringDB.com](https://www.peeringdb.com) has
 - List of all networks and where they peer
 - List of all facilities and who is there
 - List of all IXPs, where they are and who peers there

Batelco

Organization	Batelco
Also Known As	
Company Website	
Primary ASN	5416
IRR Record	
Route Server URL	
Looking Glass URL	
Network Type	Not Disclosed
IPv4 Prefixes	0
IPv6 Prefixes	0

Public Peering Exchange Points

Exchange ▼ ASN	IPv4 IPv6	Speed RS Peer
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Nothing matched your filter
You may filter by Exchange, ASN or Speed

Private Peering Facilities

Facility ▼ ASN	Country City
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Nothing matched your filter
You may filter by Facility, ASN, Country, City

2. Find a delegate to meet with

Mohammed	Manhal	National Information Center	SD
Mohammed	Yahiya	Etisalat	AE
Mohanan	Saju	HCT	OM
Mohseni	Fuad	Batelco	BH
Myasoedov	Sergey	NetArt Group	CZ
Nasreddine	Bassel	Masco group	LB
Nystrom	Fredrik	Omantel	OM

3. Have a meeting!

- Peering is built on *relationships*
- Make sure you understand each other's objectives, costs, and benefits
- Find a mutually agreed place to peer
- Agree action items and next steps



Negotiating Peering

How to encourage someone who doesn't want to peer with you, to peer with you?

- Exchange lots of traffic (e.g. host content on your network if they are an eyeball network)
- Find another location to peer in, that works for both sides
- Buy another operator who already has peering
- Leverage a broader business arrangement
- Make friends
 - Buy them tea/juice/dinner... :-)

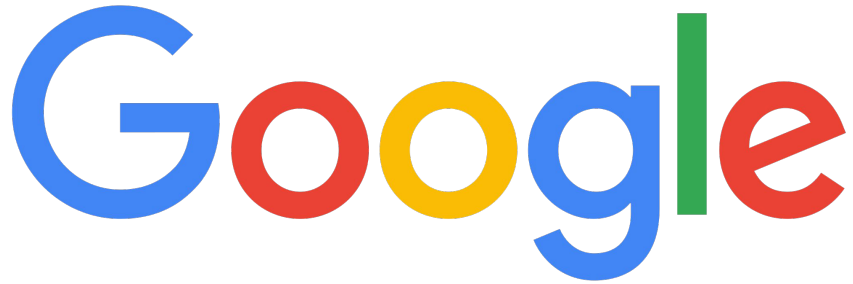
5. Set up the peering (the easy part)

```
router bgp 12345
  neighbor 2001:1:2:3:4:1:5169:1 remote-as 15169
  address-family ipv6 unicast
    neighbor 2001:1:2:3:4:1:15169:1 prefix-list announce-my-ipv6 out
```

Conclusions

Do your research, then...

1. Define your objectives
2. Meet some potential peers
3. Exchange ideas, details, agree to set up peering
4. Set up peering
5. Enjoy better performance, and lower costs!

The Google logo, consisting of the word "Google" in its signature multi-colored font: blue 'G', red 'o', yellow 'o', blue 'g', green 'l', and red 'e'.The YouTube logo, featuring the word "You" in black and "Tube" in white inside a red rounded rectangle.

AS15169, AS36040, AS43515

<https://isp.google.com/iwantpeering>

<https://isp.google.com/iwantggc/>

We peer in most peering locations
around the world

Your contact for Gulf/Middle East
region is tvolver@google.com